IANPHI Three concurrent sessions

Promoting healthier populations Achieving universal health coverage, Addressing health emergencies

a) What capacity/experience do NPHIs have to address this issue

b) How might NPHI collaborate to learn from each other & build capacity

c) How can WHO and IANPHI best complement each other to support NPHIs to address this issue – Building on IANPHI's tools for knowledge production, sharing expertise and technical cooperation



Achieving universal health coverage

- 1. Data, monitoring & surveillance to give a clear state of health
- 2. Logical pathways & interdependencies to achieve better health
- 3. Infrastructure for public health
- 4. Public health workfore and primary health care
- 5. Better coordination of partners
- 6. Advocacy

Key takeaway: NPHIs are a core function of health systems and bridge the gaps between UHC, health promotion and health emergencies.



Addressing Health Emergencies

- 1. Varied IANPHI network all working in the interests of public health
- 2. IANPHI should map attributes and experiences of NPHIs
- 3. Institutional development and soft-skills can sustainably develop capacity to address health emergencies
- 4. Workforce development has impacts accross WHO priorities
- 5. IANPHI can have an added value in South-South cooperation
- 6. Complementarity with WHO for what IANPHI can provide

Key takeaway: IANPHI has great potential to gradually scale up and facilitate further exchanges.